

## Forced Marriage (Civil Protection Act 2007) Court Rules

## Introduction

The Institute of Legal Executives (ILEX) is the professional and regulatory body for Legal Executives and currently has a membership of 22,000 students and Legal Executives.

Legal Executive lawyers are employed within solicitors' firms to conduct specialist legal work. Amongst other things, legal executives undertake the following work:

- Advice and representation to clients accused of serious or petty crime.
- Advice and representation to families with matrimonial problems.
- Handling various legal aspects of a property transfer.
- Assist in the formation of a company.
- Be involved in actions in the High Court and county courts.
- Draft wills.
- Undertake the administration of oaths.

## **Terms of Reference of Consultation Paper**

The consultation seeks views on the draft Court Rules relating to applications for Forced Marriage Protection Orders (FMPOs). This response is submitted following consultation from ILEX members.

## Introduction

- ILEX welcomes the opportunity to comment on the proposed draft Court Rules in relation to applications for Forced Marriage Protection Orders (FMPOs).
- 2. Generally, subject to specific comments below, the draft Court Rules appear to be effective in meeting the provisions of the *Forced Marriage* (*Civil Protection*) *Act 2007* (the 2007 Act) and ILEX has no comments on any other issues.
- 3. Section 63C (6) of the Family Law Act 1996 (as amended by the 2007 Act ) allows a court of its own motion to make a Forced Marriage Protection Order in any other family proceedings without an application being to it. The drafts Court Rules do not expressly mention this important provision.
- 4. Rule 3.27 (1) of The Draft Rules clarifies how an application is made and the required contents of such an application. Presumably, a Court contemplating a forced marriage protection order of its own initiative need not comply with Rule 3.27 (1) of the Draft Rules.
- 5. ILEX has no other comment on any other issues.

ILE/GG

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